1973 ஏப்ரல் 3]

இணைப்பு I

(129ஆம் பக்கத்தில் 311 ஆம் எண்ணுள்ள உடுக்குறியிட்ட வினாவின் விடையைக் காண்க.)

(அ) ஆம்.

(இ) அனைத்திந்தியப் பணிகள் போட்டித் தேர்வுகளில் பங்கு பெறும் தமிழ்நாட்டைச் சேர்ந்த போட்டித் தேர்வு எழுதுவோரின் எண்ணிக்கை கடந்த ஆண்டுகளில் குறைந்து வருவது குறித்து ஆய்வு செய்வதற்காக இந்திய பொது நிர்வாகக் கழகத்தின் தமிழ்நாட்டுப் பிரிவுக்கு அரசு ரூ. 1,000 பொருளுதவி செய்ய ஒப்பளித்துள்ளது.

(1) அரிசனங்கள், பழங்குடி மக்கள் (2) பின்தங்கிய வகுப்பினர் ஆகியோர் அனைத்திந்தியப் பணித் தேர்வுகளில் போட்டியிட்டு வெற்றி பெறுவது இயலும் வகையில் அவர்களின் பயனுக்காக "தேர்வுக்கு முன் பயிற்சியளிக்கும் நிலையங்கள் இரண்டு அரசால் நடத்தப்படுகின்றன.

பல்கலைக்கழக நிலையில் கல்வித்தரத்தை உயர்த்துவதற்கான நடவடிக்கைகளை ஆராயும்படி நமது மாநிலப் பல்கலைக் கழகங்கள் கேட்டுக் கொள்ளப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.

இணைப்பு II

(141ம் பக்கத்தில் 339 ஆம் எண்ணுள்ள உடுக்குறியிட்ட வினாவின் விடையைக் காண்க.)

Consequent on the unprecedented floods any cyclone which hit this State during the period from the 5th to 9th December 1972, 233,971 houses were damaged and a few children were orphaned due to the sudden death of their parents. Plough bullocks and milch-cows were also lost in the floods. The following relief measures in the form of financial assistance to the victims were undertaken by the Government immediately. Following the natural calamity :—

1. The usual cash grant of Rs. 40 towards reconstruction of damaged houses and clothing grant per victim affected by cyclones and floods was increased to Rs. 80. Cash grant at this rate has been disbursed to 170,000 families who lost their houses.

2. Gratuitous relief has been given at the rate of Rs. 2,000 to the families of sole bread-winners who lost their lives ;

3. Cash relief has been given in other cases of deaths ranging from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000.

4. If, due to the death of the father and or mother in the floods, any child had become an orphan, the Government took over the financial responsibility or bringing up such a child and also for the education and maintenance of the child.

5. Takkavi loans have been sanctioned to the families who had applied for loans for the replacement of ploug-bullocks or milch-cows that died in the floods.

6. Full remission of land revenue, water cess, local cess and local cess surcharge was ordered in respect of lands totally affected by the floods for the current fasli, i.e., fasli 1982.

7. Takkavi loans at a rate not exceeding Rs. 250 per damaged house was granted to deserving poor families in order to enable them to rebuild the damaged houses.

8. The Government have undertaken to reclaim the lands which have become either sand-cast or eroded due to the floods, so as to make them fit for cultivation. The entire cost of reclamation would be borne by the Government.

9. A financial assistance of Rs. 100 to each affected family of weavers has been granted to help them replace their equipments lost in the floods.

2. In the Nilgiris district, one boy named Siddique was orphaned due to the sudden death of his parents on account of collapse of a hut in Ootacamund town on 7th December 1972. The paternal grandfather of the child Thiru Ali Mohamed of Kerala had taken care of the child. The Collector of the Nilgiris district has taken action to sanction Rs. 3,000 as cash grant to orphaned boy. As regards the three children orphaned due to the sudden death of their parents on account of the floods and cyclone in South Arcot district, action has already been taken by the Collector to accommodate them in the orphanage run by Sri Swamy Nelliappar and Kanthimathi Ambal Devasthanam, Tirunelveli.

A sum of Rs. 152 lakhs has been sanctioned for purposes of 'Gratuitous Relief' and Rs. 125 lakhs under 'Grant of Takkavi loans'.